Agenda Item: 6.

## **MEMORANDUM**

To:

Finance, Expenditures and Legal Subcommittee

From:

Carey Fry, District Accountant

Subject:

FY 2015 Audit

Date:

December 4, 2015

• It is staff's recommendation that the FEL Subcommittee recommend to the Board of Directors that the FY2015 Audit Report, prepared by HSMC Orizon, LLC, be accepted and that the General Manager be directed to file an authenticated copy of the audit report with the Nebraska Auditor of Public Accounts and the Nebraska Natural Resources Commission.



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December 3, 2015

Board of Directors **Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District**Omaha, Nebraska

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District (the "District") for the year ended June 30, 2015. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards* and OMB Circular A-133, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated February 13, 2013. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

## Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the District are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. We noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the District's financial statements are related to the useful lives of depreciable assets, and allowance on accounts receivable.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosures affecting the financial statements relate to risks associated with deposits and investments; capital assets; due from funding agencies; and commitments and contingencies of the District.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Board of Directors **Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District**December 3, 2015

Page Two

## Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected the misstatement included on the attached schedule. No other misstatements were detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.

## Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

## Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated November 6, 2015.

## Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

## Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

## Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the budgetary schedules, which are Required Supplementary Information ("RSI") that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

Board of Directors **Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District**December 3, 2015

Page Three

We were engaged to report on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards on pages, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

We were not engaged to report on the additional supplemental schedules, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. We did not audit or perform other procedures on this other information and we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

This information is intended solely for the use of the Board of Directors and management of the District and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

HSMC QuignUC HSMC ORIZON LLC

Papio Missouri Natural Resources District Schedule of Audit Adjustments June 30, 2015

Account	Description	Debit	Credit
	Financial Statements Indicate the statement of the state		
01-01-000-1500 01-03-510-4500		158,951.00 5,127.00	
01-01-000-1500 01-01-000-4396 <b>Total</b>	DEBT ISSUANCE COSTS - ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION BOND ISSUANCE COSTS EXPENSE	164,078.00	5,127.00 158,951.00 164,078.00

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION AND ACCOMPANYING INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

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November 6, 2015

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors **Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District**Omaha. Nebraska

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Other Matters**

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Budgetary Comparison information on pages 3–9 and 40-41 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information on pages 40-51 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards on pages 52-53 is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other supplementary information on pages 40-51 is the responsibility of management and have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have issued our report dated November 6, 2015 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

HSMC ONIZON LLC

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

The Management's Discussion and Analysis of the financial performance of Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District (the "District") provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow. The discussion primarily focuses on the District's general fund, although the proprietary funds are also analyzed.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Net position increased by \$11,729,730, which is a 6.9% increase in total net position.
- Total governmental activities net position are comprised of the following:
  - Net investment in capital assets of \$135,360,221. Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation, is reduced for the outstanding debt related to the purchase or construction of capital assets.
  - 2) Restricted net position \$17,265,571. General obligation bond proceeds from special bonding authority granted by the 2009 Nebraska Legislature are restricted to providing funding for specific flood control projects and receivables from federal agencies.
  - 3) Unrestricted net position of \$20,747,740. These assets are available to maintain the District's continuing obligations. Unrestricted net position includes assets reserved for specific purposes by Board resolution but not restricted by debt covenants or laws and regulations.
- Revenues on the general fund financial statements totaled \$26,814,709. This is a decrease of \$1,452,295 from last year's revenues of \$28,267,004.
- The net increase in capital assets was \$26,285,591 to a total of \$210,490,528.
- Total long-term debt of the District decreased from \$71,354,434 to \$69,153,735 during the fiscal year. Long-term debt from business-type activities decreased by \$89,938 to \$2,007,263.

## **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the District's basic financial statements, which include the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- · Notes to the financial statements

## **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The District's annual report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities and a perspective of current financial resources and obligations.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

## **Government-wide Financial Statements, Continued**

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish governmental activities of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, from business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The District's governmental activities include general government administration, projects aimed at ground and surface water protection, flood threat protection, soil and wildlife conservation efforts, public services such as trail maintenance and educational materials, and recreation. The District's business-type activities include four rural water systems and four other waterway construction and preservation projects.

### Statement of Net Position

The first of these government-wide statements is the Statement of Net Position. This is the District-wide statement of position presenting information that includes all of the District's assets and liabilities with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the District would extend to other non-financial factors, such as the condition of the District's capital assets, in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

### Statement of Activities

The second government-wide statement is the Statement of Activities, which reports how the District's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the District's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by property tax collections.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds rather than the District as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The District is comprised of the governmental fund, seven proprietary funds, and one fiduciary fund. The governmental fund encompasses essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is very different, with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the District's governmental fund. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability, focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

## **Fund Financial Statements, Continued**

A budgetary comparison schedule is included as required supplementary information to the basic financial statements for the general fund. This schedule demonstrates compliance with the District's adopted and final revised budget.

Proprietary funds generally report services for which the District charges customers a fee. These enterprise funds essentially encompass the same functions reported as business-type activities in the government-wide statements. The Dakota County, Washington County and Thurston County Rural Water Systems, as well as four waterway reconstruction projects, comprise the District's proprietary funds.

Proprietary fund statements provide both long-term and short-term financial information consistent with the focus provided by the government-wide financial statements but with more detail for major enterprise funds. Individual fund information for non-major enterprise funds is found in combining statements in a later section of this report.

The fiduciary fund is used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity. Fiduciary fund statements focus on net position and the change in net position and are accounted for on the accrual basis. The District is the administering agent of the Papillion Creek Watershed Partnership (the "Partnership"). The Partnership is comprised of local governments that have entered into an inter-local agreement to fund engineering studies addressing water quantity and quality issues in the Papillion Creek drainage area.

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements.

## **Supplemental Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplementary information concerning the District's non-major proprietary funds and expenditures of federal awards.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Over time, as year-to-year financial information is accumulated on a consistent basis, changes in net position may be observed and used to discuss the changing financial position of the District as a whole. The following table summarizes the District's net position.

## **Summary of Net Position**

	Governmenta	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Current and other assets	\$ 44,112,161	\$ 62,673,462	\$ 2,016,498	\$ 2,230,219
Capital assets, net of accumulated				
depreciation	202,643,199	176,281,532	7,847,329	7,923,405
Total assets	246,755,360	238,954,994	9,863,827	10,153,624
Current liabilities	6,235,356	8,055,979	191,596	389,435
Long-term liabilities	67,146,472	69,257,233	2,007,263	2,097,201
Total liabilities	73,381,828	77,313,212	2,198,859	2,486,636
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	135,360,221	104,374,262	5,748,401	5,486,522
Restricted	17,265,571	35,157,487	240,557	240,386
Unrestricted	20,747,740	22,110,033	1,676,010	1,940,080
Total net position	\$173,373,532	\$161,641,782	\$ 7,664,968	\$ 7,666,988

The District reported positive balances in net position for both governmental and business-type activities. Since net position increased \$11,731,750 for governmental activities and decreased \$2,020 for business-type activities, the District's overall financial position improved during fiscal year 2015.

The table on the next page summarizes the District's changes in net position from revenues and expenditures. The District is heavily reliant on property taxes to support governmental operations, since taxes provide approximately 70% of the District's total governmental revenues.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

## Summary of Changes in Net Position

	Gove	rnmental Acti	vities		Business-Type Activities			
	2015	% of Total	2014		2015	% of Total	2014	
Revenues	<u></u>							
Program Revenues								
Charges for services	\$ 754,242	2.8%	\$ 627,547	\$	1,110,702	91.2% \$	1,168,800	
Operating grants and								
contributions	5,714,115	21.1%	6,135,986		75		×	
Capital Grants	1,073,917	4.0%	4,432,813		5-	(4)	*	
General Revenues								
Property taxes	19,226,207	70.9%	18,267,761		15	130		
Assessment income	-	::	350		90,134	7.4%	83,770	
Transfers	36	•	2		=	820	2	
Gain on sale of fixed assets	293,028	1.1%	137,036			3 <b>4</b> 0	×	
Interestincome	25,214	0.1%	48,861	_	16,879	<u>1.4</u> %	20,547	
Total revenues	27,086,723	100.0%	29,650,004	-	1,217,715	100.0%	1,273,117	
Expenses								
General administration	8,284,096	46.6%	8,902,569		:	•	*	
Infromation and education	187,299	1.1%	204,621		27	120		
Flood prevention	5,358,294	30.2%	4,529,287				<u> </u>	
Erosion control	1,932,831	10.9%	1,362,963		12.7	120	≨	
Water quality	396,937	2.2%	553,950		12	<b>32</b> 2	=	
Recreation	1,448,611	8.6%	701,478		-		-	
Forestry and wildlife	155,809	0.9%	1,030,865			223	*	
Major proprietary funds	138	٠	<u>:=);</u>		758,421	62.2%	898,954	
Other proprietary funds				-	461,314	<u>37.8</u> % _	478,290	
Total expenses	17,763,877	100.0%	17,285,733	_	1,219,735	100.0%	1,377,244	
Change in net position	\$ 9,322,846		\$ 12,364,271	<u>\$</u>	(2,020)	<u>\$</u>	(104,127)	

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

## **Governmental Fund**

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be reported in a separate fund. The fund balance of the General Fund decreased by \$16,431,790 to \$39,194,789, this decrease is primarily due to spending of water quality enhancement bonds issued in the prior year.

## **Proprietary Funds**

The proprietary fund statements share the same focus as the government-wide statements, reporting both short-term and long-term information about financial status. The District's major proprietary fund for this fiscal year was Washington County Rural Water System. Net position of this fund decreased \$125,374. Net position of the non-major proprietary funds increased by \$123,354. Total proprietary fund net position decreased by \$2,020.

### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District's Board of Directors adopts a budget each fiscal year that complies with the reporting regulations imposed by the State of Nebraska. This budget can be, but was not, modified during the year with the approval of the Board. Economic factors, such as property tax rates and the availability of federal and state funding, play a major role in the District's budgeting process.

The District adopts a budget on the cash basis of accounting in accordance with the Nebraska Budget

The general fund budgeted expenditures for the current year was \$79,351,399, compared with the prior year budget of \$88,818,802. Actual expenditures were \$46,965,860 and \$45,602,466, respectively.

## CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

## **Capital Assets**

The District's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and related debt, for governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2015, was \$135,360,221 and \$5,748,401, respectively. The net investment increased 29.7% for governmental and 4.8% for business-type activities. This investment in capital assets includes land, infrastructure, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment and unamortized bond issue costs.

## **Long-term Debt**

At the end of the fiscal year, the District had \$69,535,730 in bonds, notes, and leases outstanding. \$2,098,928 of this debt is attributable to the proprietary funds for construction of the rural water distribution systems. \$66,995,000 is attributable to general obligation bonds issued for construction of flood control projects, \$406,233 to construction financing for the Washington County Service Center and \$35,569 to capital leases of equipment.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

## **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES**

The District adopted a budget for the 2015-16 fiscal year of \$71.85 million, a decrease from the 2014-15 fiscal year budget of \$83.45 million.

Factors considered in preparing the District's budget for fiscal year 2015-16 include the following:

- A total property tax assessment of \$21,975,704 on valuation of \$57.78 million from a levy of \$0.038034 per \$100 of valuation. This is an increase in the levy of \$0.005281 which amounts to an increase in property tax of \$5.28 on property valued at \$100,000. The increase in levy combined with an increase in valuation the total property tax assessment increased \$3.9 million.
- Projects related to flood prevention, erosion control, and recreational trails are anticipated to
  continue as significant projects are in progress or will be started in the near future but less
  activity than the prior year. These projects are being financed by several methods, including
  federal and/or state funding, cost sharing agreements with other local governments, property
  taxes and general obligation bond proceeds that was granted by the Nebraska Legislature to
  provide funding of flood control projects.

## CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate the District's commitment to public accountability. If you have questions about this report or would like to request additional information, contact the District Accountant at 8901 South 154<sup>th</sup> Street, Omaha, NE 68138.

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

## ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES

ASSETS AND DEFERRED	OUTFLOW OF RESOU	RCES Primary Government	
	Governmental Activit		Total
	- Governmentar / totavit	Dadinious type / tellerinas	
CURRENT ASSETS:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,980,9	973 \$ 664,450	\$ 13,645,423
Cash on deposit with County Treasurers	344,3	376	344,376
Certificates of deposit	50,0	1,074,038	1,124,038
Taxes receivable	7,693,6	300	7,693,800
Service receivables	19,4	95,586	115,023
Interest receivable		20 752	772
Prepaid expenses	293,3	375	293,375
Intergovernmental receivables	5,686,7	222	5,686,722
Intrafund balances	107,8		
Inventories	-	48,976	48,976
Total current assets	27,176,5	1,775,941	28,952,505
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Deferred costs on refunded debt	153,8	324	153,824
NONCURRENT ASSETS:			
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	16,781,7		16,979,473
Restricted certificates of deposit		42,857	42,857
Capital assets:			
Land	81,196,7		81,410,991
Construction in progress	18,738,5		18,783,346
Capital improvements and infrastructure	162,886,8		172,454,647
Buildings and improvements	6,915,7		6,915,764
Vehicles and equipment	4,446,1		4,568,222
Accumulated depreciation	(71,540,8		
Total capital assets	202,643,1	99 7,847,329	210,490,528
Total noncurrent assets	219,424,9	8,087,886	227,512,858
	\$ 246,755,3	\$ 9,863,827	\$ 256,619,187
LIABILITIES A	ND NET POSITION		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable	\$ 3,542,6		\$ 3,626,051
Accrued salaries and payroll withholdings	183,0		183,049
Accrued expenses	115,0		131,619
Current portion of long-term debt	2,236,8		2,328,467
Current portion of accrued compensated absences	157,7 6,235,3		157,766 6,426,952
Total current liabilities	0,233,0		0,420,552
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:	0.0		
Long-term debt, less current portion	65,200,0		67,207,263
Premium on bonds payable	1,445,9		1,445,965
Accrued compensated absences, less current portion	500,5	507	500,507
Total long-term liabilities	67,146,4	2,007,263	69,153,735
Total liabilities	73,381,8	2,198,859	75,580,687
NET POSITION:			
Net investment in capital assets	135,360,2		141,108,622
Restricted	17,265,5		17,506,128
Unrestricted	20,747,7		22,423,750
Total net position	173,373,5	7,664,968	181,038,500
	\$ 246,755,3	9,863,827	\$ 256,619,187

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

			Program Revenues	ines		Ne	Net Revenue (Expenses) and Changes in Net Assets	senses) and	Changes	in Net Assets	
								Primary Government	nment		
Company (Drawning)		Charges for	Operating Grants		Capital Grants	Gove	Governmental	Business-type	ype	ļ	ĺ
runctions/Programs	Expenses	Selvices	and Continoutions	1	and Contributions	Ĭ	Activities	ACTIVITIES	,   	lotal	ì
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:											
General administration	\$ 8,284,096	\$ 693,997	\$ 55,034	34 \$	í.	₩.	(7.535,065)	s <del>s</del>	К	\$ (7,535,065)	(59)
Information and education	187,299	(6)	*	22	46		(187,299)		£5	(187,299)	(66)
Flood prevention	5,358,294	53,180	1,701,620	50	838,571		(2,764,923)		:000	(2,764,923)	(53)
Erosion control	1,932,831	ā	3,139,553	53	235,346		1,442,068		701	1,442,068	890
Water quality	396,937	1,190	103,781	.81	li)		(291,966)		- 34	(291,966)	(99
Recreation	1,448,611	5,875	714,127	27	Si		(728,609)		OK.	(728,609)	(60)
Forestry and wildlife	155,809	8		J	6		(155,809)			(155,809)	60
	17,763,877	754,242	5,714,115	15	1,073,917		(10,221,603)		ď	(10,221,603)	(203)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:											
Washington County Rural Water Non-major proprietary funds	758,421 461,314	619,931		1		ļ	•	(138	(138,490) 29,457	(138,490) 29,457	190) 157
	1,219,735	1,110,702	£3 #4	I I	w)		8	(10)	(109,033)	(109,033)	333
	\$ 18,983,612	\$ 1,864,944	\$ 5,714,115	15	1,073,917		(10,221,603)	(10)	(109,033)	(10,330,636)	(92)
		GENERAL REVENUES:	UES:								
		Property taxes					19,226,207		ж	19,226,207	202
		Assessment income	те				Ü	)6	90,134	90,134	34
		Gain on sale of fixed assets	ced assets				293,028		(40)	293,028	328
		Interest income				ļ	25,214	16	16,879	42,093	93
						ļ	19,544,449	10.	107,013	19,651,462	162
		CHANGE IN NET POSITION	NOSITION			ľ	9,322,846	3	(2.020)	9,320,826	326
		NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR, as previously reported	EGINNING OF Y	EAR, as p	reviously reportec		161,641,782	7,666	7,666,988	169,308,770	02.
		PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR, as restated	JUGSTMENT EGINNING OF Y	EAR, as re	estated		164,050,686	7,666	7,666,988	2,408,904	27 [2
		NET POSITION - E	POSITION - END OF YEAR			8	173,373,532	\$ 7.66	7.664.968	\$ 181,038,500	8

See Accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

## BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUND JUNE 30, 2015

		General Fund
ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,980,973
Cash on deposit with County Treasurers		344,376
Certificates of deposit		50,000
Receivables:		
Taxes		7,693,800
Services		19,437
Interest		20
Prepaid expenses		293,375
Due from:		
Funding agencies - federal programs		483,798
Other governmental entities		5,202,924
Other funds		107,862
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	-	16,781,773
	\$	43,958,338
	-	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES		
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable	\$	3,542,695
Accrued salaries and payroll withholdings		183,049
Accrued expenses		158,082
Total liabilities		3,883,826
Total habilities	-	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		879,723
FUND BALANCE:		
Nonspendable		293,375
Restricted		17,265,571
Committed		787,775
Assigned		50,000 20,798,068
Unassigned Total fund halance	-	39,194,789
Total fund balance	-	00,104,709
	\$	43,958,338

## RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUND JUNE 30, 2015

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Fund		\$	39,194,789
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Deferred costs on refunded debt are not financial resources			153,824
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements:			
Land and infrastructure Construction in progress Capital improvements Buildings and improvements Vehicles and equipment Accumulated depreciation Total capital assets  Liabilities which are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the governmental funds:	\$ 81,196,776 18,738,545 162,886,848 6,915,764 4,446,142 (71,540,876)		202,643,199
Accrued interest Compensated absences Bonds and notes payable Premium on bonds payable			(114,729) (500,507) (67,436,802) (1,445,965)
Property tax revenues, not collected within sixty days of the fiscal year end, are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		_	879,723
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$	173,373,532

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

REVENUES:		
General administration	\$	19,336,534
Flood prevention		3,933,051
Erosion control		3,374,899
Forestry and wildlife		4
Water quality		104,971
Recreation		65,250
Total revenues		26,814,709
EXPENDITURES:		
Flood prevention		24,579,768
General administration		10,348,917
Erosion control		6,284,340
Recreation		1,293,429
Forestry and wildlife		155,809
Water quality		396,937
Information and education		187,299
Total expenditures		43,246,499
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	7	(16,431,790)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND USES:		
Issuance of refunding bonds		11,055,000
Refunding bond premium, less issuance costs		186,635
Payment to refund bonds	0)	(11,241,635)
Total other financing sources and uses	<u> </u>	
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER		
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES		(16,431,790)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	55,626,579
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	39,194,789

## RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Government Fund		\$	(16,431,790)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:			
Capital outlays and capital asset expenditures:  Land, improvements and construction in progress additions  Vehicles, machinery, equipment, and furniture  Total  Depreciation expense  Net book value of disposals	\$ 27,357,970 268,739		27,626,709 (3,525,826) (148,120)
Principal payments on bonds use current financial resources of governmental funds.  However, these payments reduce long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.			
Principal payments on bonds and leases		\$	2,294,975
The issuance of long term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds However, these payments increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.			
Effects of bond premiums, discounts and related items		\$	(135,246)
Certain items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities consist of:			
Increase in long-term compensated absences Increase in accrued interest payable			(21,973) (20,574)
Full accrual accounting records tax revenues when earned. Modified accrual records tax revenues that are measurable and available.			
Difference in property tax revenue accrual		_	(315,309)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$	9,322,846

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

ASSETS	_(Memo	Total orandum Only)		Washington County Rural Water		lon-major rietary Funds
CURRENT ASSETS:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	664,450	\$	171,955	\$	492,495
Certificates of deposit		1,074,038		704,433		369,605
Service receivables		95,586		48,219		47,367
Interest receivable		752		329		423
Inventories		48,976		16,437		32,539
Total current assets	÷	1,883,802		941,373		942,429
NON-CURRENT ASSETS:						
Reserved cash and cash equivalents		197,700		197,700		( <b>=</b> 0
Restricted certificates of deposit		42,857		200		42,857
Capital assets :		,				,
Land		214,215		1,000		213,215
Construction in progress		44,801		10-6		44,801
Capital improvements and infrastructure		9,567,799		6,837,807		2,729,992
Vehicles and equipment		122,080		64,621		57,459
Accumulated depreciation		(2,101,566)		(1,153,687)		(947,879)
Total capital assets		7,847,329		5,749,741		2,097,588
Total non-current assets		8,087,886		5,947,441		2,140,445
	\$	9,971,688	\$	6,888,814	\$	3,082,874
	-	0,071,000	<u> </u>	0,000,011	_	0,002,01
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION						
CURRENT LIABILITIES:						
Accounts payable	\$	83,356	\$	48,564	\$	34,792
Accrued expenses		16,575		4,373		12,202
Due to other funds		107,861		26,738		81,123
Current portion of long-term debt		91,665		66,759		24,906
Total current liabilities		299,457		146,434		153,023
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:						
Long-term debt, less current portion		2,007,263		1,706,570		300,693
Total liabilities		2,306,720		1,853,004		453,716
NET POSITION:						
Net investment in capital assets		5,748,401		3,976,412		1,771,989
Restricted		240,557		197,700		42,857
Unrestricted		1,676,010		861,698		814,312
Total net position	2	7,664,968		5,035,810		2,629,158
	\$	9,971,688	\$	6,888,814	\$	3,082,874

See Accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Total (Memorandum Only)		Washington County Rural Water		Non-Major Proprietary Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES:						
Water sales	\$	950,237	\$	530,479	\$	419,758
Customer charges and hookup fees		113,370		87,900		25,470
Miscellaneous		47,095	_	1,552		45,543
Total operating revenues	-	1,110,702	-	619,931		490,771
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Repairs and maintenance		12,589		9,165		3,424
Supplies and postage		13,210		5,955		7,255
Professional services		66,400		56,748		9,652
Personnel		401,523		208,630		192,893
Telephone, utilities and rent		23,955		12,079		11,876
Miscellaneous		2,544		1,996		548
Water purchase		246,827		162,747		84,080
Contract costs		211,711		139,169		72,542
Project construction and land		1,171		56		1,115
Depreciation and amortization		120,877		78,581		42,296
Vehicle expense		7,029				7,029
Indirect cost		144	-			144
Total operating expenses		1,107,980		675,126	-	432,854
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		2,722		(55,195)		57,917
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE):						
Assessment revenue		90,134		via:		90,134
Interest income		16,879		13,116		3,763
Interest expense		(111,755)		(83,295)	-	(28,460)
Total non-operating income (expense)		(4,742)	-	(70,179)	31	65,437
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		(2,020)		(125,374)		123,354
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	7,666,988	-	5,161,184	-	2,505,804
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	7,664,968	\$	5,035,810	\$	2,629,158

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Cash received from customers         \$ 1,141,628         \$ 656,163         \$ 485, Cash paid to employees         (401,523)         (208,630)         (192, Cash paid to suppliers)         (542,615)         (379,119)         (163, Cash paid to suppliers)         (542,615)         (379,119)         (163, Cash paid to suppliers)         (542,615)         (379,119)         (163, Cash paid to suppliers)         (401,523)         (401,523)         (1,564)         129, Cash paid to suppliers         (4,293)         (1,564)         (2,283)         (1,564)         (2,283)         (1,564)         (2,283)         (1,564)         (2,283)         (1,564)         (2,283)         (1,564)         (2,283)         (1,564)         (2,283)         (1,564)         (2,283)         (1,564)         (2,283)         (1,564)         (2,283)         (1,564)         (2,283)         (1,564)         (2,283)         (1,564)         (2,283)         (1,564)         (2,283)         (1,564)         (2,283)         (1,564)         (2,283)         (1,564)         (2,283)         (1,564)         (2,283)         (1,564)         (2,283)         (3,284)         (2,283)         (3,284)         (2,284)         (3,284)         (2,284)         (3,284)         (3,284)         (3,284)         (3,284)         (3,284)         (3,284)         (3,284)         (3,284)         (3,284)			Total (Memorandum Only)		Washington Rural Water		Non-Major Proprietary Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES   Investments (purchased) proceeds   (4,293)   (1,564)   (2, 2, 2, 3)   (1,564)   (2, 2, 3)   (1,564)   (2, 3, 3)   (1,564)   (2, 3, 3)   (1,564)   (3, 3, 1,48)   (3, 3, 1,48)   (3, 3, 1,48)   (1,085)   (3, 1,085)	Cash paid to employees	\$	(401,523)	\$	(208,630)	\$	485,465 (192,893) (163,496)	
Investments (purchased) proceeds	Net cash provided by operating activities		197,490	-	68,414		129,076	
Payments from installment receivable   337,148   337,148   117,853   14,085   3,	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Payments from installment receivable   337,148   337,148   117,853   14,085   3.0     Net cash provided by investing activities   350,708   349,669   1.0     CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED     FINANCING ACTIVITIES   Payments on long-term debt   (337,955)   (314,181)   (23, 181)   (23, 181)   (24, 181)   (25, 181)   (25, 181)   (26, 1	Investments (purchased) proceeds		(4,293)		(1,564)		(2,729)	
Net cash provided by investing activities   350,708   349,669   1,			337,148		337,148			
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Payments on long-term debt (337,955) (314,181) (23, Interest paid (111,755) (83,295) (28, Interest paid (74,030) (11,961) (62, Assessments received 90,134 - 90, Assessments received 90,134 - 90, Net cash used in capital and related financing activities (478,407) (409,437) (68, INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 69,791 8,646 61, CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR 792,359 361,009 431, CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR \$ 862,150 \$ 369,655 \$ 492, INCREASE IN CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATIONS Operating income (loss) S 2,722 \$ (55,195) \$ 57, Depreciation and amortization 120,877 78,582 42, Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in receivables 30,925 36,232 (5, (Increase) decrease in inventories (7,212) (8,842) 1, Increase (decrease) in accounts payable 40,616 18,011 22, Increase (decrease) in accounts payable 1,0,616 18,011 22, Increase (decrease) in accounts payable 9,562 (374) 9, 9, 10,000 10,	Interest received		17,853		14,085		3,768	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES         (337,955)         (314,181)         (23, 295)         (28, 114,181)         (23, 128)         (28, 114,181)         (62, 128,195)         (62, 114,181)         (63, 114,181)         (64,18,181)         (64,18,181)	Net cash provided by investing activities		350,708	) <del></del>	349,669		1,039	
Interest paid   (111,755)   (83,295)   (28,   Interfund financing   (74,030)   (11,961)   (62,   Assessments received   90,134   -   Net cash used in capital and related   financing activities   (478,407)   (409,437)   (68,   INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS   69,791   8,646   61,   CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR   792,359   361,009   431,   CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR   862,150   \$ 369,655   \$ 492,    RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)   TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATIONS   Operating income (loss)   \$ 2,722   (55,195)   \$ 57,   Depreciation and amortization   120,877   78,582   42,   Changes in assets and liabilities:   (Increase) decrease in receivables   30,925   36,232   (5,   (Increase) decrease in inventories   (7,212)   (8,842)   1,   Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses   9,562   (374)   9,								
Interfund financing	Payments on long-term debt		(337,955)		(314,181)		(23,774)	
Assessments received Net cash used in capital and related financing activities  (478,407) (409,437) (68,  INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 69,791 8,646 61,  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR 792,359 361,009 431,  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR 862,150 8369,655 \$492,  RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATIONS Operating income (loss) Depreciation and amortization 120,877 78,582 42,  Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in receivables (Increase) decrease in inventories (Increase) decrease in inventories (17,212) (18,842) (11,100) (18,011) (19,014) (19,015) (19,0	Interest paid		(111,755)		(83,295)		(28,460)	
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities         (478,407)         (409,437)         (68, 68, 68, 68)           INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS         69,791         8,646         61, 61, 61, 62, 63           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR         792,359         361,009         431, 646           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR         \$ 862,150         \$ 369,655         \$ 492, 642, 642, 642, 642, 642, 642, 642, 64	Interfund financing		(74,030)		(11,961)		(62,069)	
Financing activities	Assessments received		90,134				90,134	
INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS   69,791   8,646   61,	Net cash used in capital and related							
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR         792,359         361,009         431,           CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR         \$ 862,150         \$ 369,655         \$ 492,           RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATIONS Operating income (loss)         \$ 2,722         \$ (55,195)         \$ 57,           Depreciation and amortization         120,877         78,582         42,           Changes in assets and liabilities:         (Increase) decrease in receivables         30,925         36,232         (5,           (Increase) decrease in inventories         (7,212)         (8,842)         1,           Increase (decrease) in accounts payable         40,616         18,011         22,           Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses         9,562         (374)         9,	financing activities		(478,407)		(409,437)	2	(68,970)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR         \$ 862,150         \$ 369,655         \$ 492,           RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)           TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATIONS           Operating income (loss)         \$ 2,722         \$ (55,195)         \$ 57,           Depreciation and amortization         120,877         78,582         42,           Changes in assets and liabilities:         (Increase) decrease in receivables         30,925         36,232         (5,           (Increase) decrease in inventories         (7,212)         (8,842)         1,           Increase (decrease) in accounts payable         40,616         18,011         22,           Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses         9,562         (374)         9,	INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		69,791		8,646		61,145	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)         TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATIONS         Operating income (loss)       \$ 2,722       \$ (55,195)       \$ 57,         Depreciation and amortization       120,877       78,582       42,         Changes in assets and liabilities:       (Increase) decrease in receivables       30,925       36,232       (5,         (Increase) decrease in inventories       (7,212)       (8,842)       1,         Increase (decrease) in accounts payable       40,616       18,011       22,         Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses       9,562       (374)       9,	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		792,359	_	361,009		431,350	
TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATIONS Operating income (loss) \$ 2,722 \$ (55,195) \$ 57, Depreciation and amortization 120,877 78,582 42, Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in receivables 30,925 36,232 (5, (Increase) decrease in inventories (7,212) (8,842) 1, Increase (decrease) in accounts payable 40,616 18,011 22, Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses 9,562 (374) 9,	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	862,150	\$	369,655	\$	492,495	
Operating income (loss)         \$ 2,722         \$ (55,195)         \$ 57, 120,877           Depreciation and amortization         120,877         78,582         42, 78,582           Changes in assets and liabilities:         (Increase) decrease in receivables         30,925         36,232         (5, (10,212)           (Increase) decrease in inventories         (7,212)         (8,842)         1, 1, 11           Increase (decrease) in accounts payable         40,616         18,011         22, 11           Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses         9,562         (374)         9, 12								
Changes in assets and liabilities:       30,925       36,232       (5, (Increase) decrease in inventories       (7,212)       (8,842)       1, (1,011)         Increase (decrease) in accounts payable       40,616       18,011       22, (374)       9, (374)       9, (374)       9, (374)		\$	2,722	\$	(55,195)	\$	57,917	
(Increase) decrease in receivables       30,925       36,232       (5,         (Increase) decrease in inventories       (7,212)       (8,842)       1,         Increase (decrease) in accounts payable       40,616       18,011       22,         Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses       9,562       (374)       9,			120,877		78,582		42,295	
(Increase) decrease in inventories       (7,212)       (8,842)       1,         Increase (decrease) in accounts payable       40,616       18,011       22,         Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses       9,562       (374)       9,	•		30,925		36,232		(5,307)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable 40,616 18,011 22, Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses 9,562 (374) 9,	` '		•		•		1,630	
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses 9,562 (374) 9,	` ,		, , ,				22,605	
Not each provided by apparating activities		-	9,562		(374)	-	9,936	
iver cash provided by operating activities \$ 191,490 \$ 68,414 \$ 129,	Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	197,490	\$	68,414	\$	129,076	

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND JUNE 30, 2015

## **ASSETS**

ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 627	,375
Dues receivable	20	,000
Total assets	\$ 647	,375
LIABILIT	ES AND NET POSITION	
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable	\$ 276	,017
Deferred revenue	187	,500
Total liabilities	463	,517
NET POSITION:		
Held in trust for other organizations	183	,858
	\$ 647	,375

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

ADDITIONS:	
Partnership dues	\$ 369,000
Interest	265
Total additions	369,265
DEDUCTIONS:	
Reimbursement to Omaha	310,397
Professional services	15,279
Miscellaneous expenses	71
Total deductions	325,747
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	43,518
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	140,340
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 183,858</u>

## PAPIO-MISSOURI RIVER NATURAL RESOURCES DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## Introduction

This summary of significant accounting policies of Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District (the "District") is presented to assist in understanding the District's government-wide and fund financial statements. These financial statements and notes are representations of the District's management who is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. These accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements.

## Organization and Principal Activity

The District is one of twenty-three natural resource districts organized under the laws of the State of Nebraska to aid in the conservation, protection, development, and management of the natural resources of the State. Furthermore, the District participates in jointly funded governmental improvement projects. These projects are cost-sharing arrangements, as the District does not necessarily retain an ongoing financial interest in or responsibility for the projects.

## Reporting Entity

The District follows the standards promulgated by Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"), that define the financial reporting entity as the one consisting of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements include the transactions of the District's primary government and one fiduciary fund. The primary government has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other governments. The District has no component units and is not a component unit of any other governmental entity.

## Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") applicable to governmental organizations in the United States. Such principles are prescribed by Government Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"), which is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles in the United States of America. In accordance with these principles, the financial statements include government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements.

## PAPIO-MISSOURI RIVER NATURAL RESOURCES DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

## Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and statement of activities) report information on all the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and grants from other governments, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to support its operations.

In the government-wide statement of net position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column (individual funds are not presented). Because of the economic resource measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting, all financial and capital resources of the District, including long-term assets as well as long-term debt, are reported. Liabilities with maturities greater than one year are reported in two components: the amount due within one year and that due in more than one year.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in four categories:

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction and improvement of those assets and related debt are also included in this component of net position.

## Restricted

- Expendable include resources in which the District is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties.
- Nonexpendable consist of endowment and similar type funds in which donors or other outside sources have stipulated, as a condition of the gift instrument, that the principal is to be maintained inviolate and in perpetuity, and invested for the purposes of producing present and future income, which may either be expended or added to principal.

Unrestricted - amounts that do not meet the definition of the three preceding categories. These amounts often are designated, to indicate that management does not consider them to be available for general operations and often have constraints on resources that are imposed by management, but can be removed or modified.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. Program revenues include charges for services, which report fees and other charges to users of the District's services, operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities including restricted investment income, and capital grants and contributions, which fund the acquisition, construction or rehabilitation of capital assets. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

## PAPIO-MISSOURI RIVER NATURAL RESOURCES DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

### **Fund Financial Statements**

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. District resources are allocated to and accounted for in an individual fund based upon the purposes for which they are spent and the means by which the spending activities are controlled. The various funds are grouped into generic fund types in the fund financial statements of this report as follows:

### Governmental Fund

The governmental (general) fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

## **Proprietary Funds**

Proprietary funds are used to account for the operation of the District's activities that are financed and operated in a manner similar to those found in private business enterprises. Generally, the intent of the governing body is that the cost and expense of providing goods or services to others on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through sales or other forms of user charges. All proprietary funds are accounted for on an economic resources measurement focus. This means that all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) associated with their activity are included on their Statement of Net Position.

The District reports the Washington County Rural Water System as a major proprietary fund presented individually in the financial statements. This fund accounts for fees charged for rural water services provided to residents in the respective counties. The remaining non-major funds are presented as a combined total in accordance with the criteria set forth by GASB.

## Fiduciary Fund

The fiduciary fund is used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity. The District is the administering agent of the Papillion Creek Watershed Partnership (the "Partnership"). The Partnership is comprised of local governments that are wholly or partially in the Papillion Creek Watershed that have combined resources to fund engineering studies.

Governmental fund equity is reported as fund balance. For governmental funds, the fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

a. Nonspendable - This fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

- b. Restricted Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation authorizes the Board of Directors to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposed stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the District can be compelled by an external party-such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.
- c. Committed This fund balance classification includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (resolution) of the Board of Directors. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by the Board of Directors, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints is not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- d. Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Directors or the General Manager delegated that authority by the Board of Directors.
- e. Unassigned This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and the unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

## Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenues from property taxes are recognized in the period levied, regardless of when the cash is collected. Grants are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

## PAPIO-MISSOURI RIVER NATURAL RESOURCES DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

## Measuring Focus/Basis of Accounting, Continued

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this period, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Grants are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Proceeds from long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures, such as principal and interest on general long-term debt, and claims and judgments, are recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is due.

The proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Operating income reported in proprietary fund financial statements includes revenues and expenses related to the primary continuing operations of the fund. Principal operating revenues for proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales or services. Principal operating expenses are the costs of providing goods or services and include administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. Other revenues and expenses are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

For financial reporting purposes, the District classifies all highly-liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less as cash equivalents.

## Investments

Investments are recorded at fair value which approximates cost. The District's investment policy allows investment in U.S. government obligations and short-term interest bearing investments consisting of certificates of deposit and other income producing securities. It is also the District's policy to report interest earned but not received in a separate account from the principal.

## Taxes Receivable

Delinquent taxes are considered fully-collectible so no allowance for uncollectible taxes is considered necessary. Tax amounts not received within sixty days are considered deferred revenue in the governmental fund financial statements.

## Inventories

The proprietary funds' inventories, consisting primarily of maintenance supplies, are stated at cost. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out method.

## PAPIO-MISSOURI RIVER NATURAL RESOURCES DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

## Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost. Expenditures for major additions and improvements over \$5,000 are capitalized and minor replacements, maintenance, and repairs are charged to expense accounts as incurred. Interest costs incurred on funds used to construct property, plant, and equipment are capitalized and recorded as part of the asset to which it relates and are amortized over the asset's useful life.

When property and equipment are retired or otherwise disposed of, the related cost and accumulated depreciation of the individual asset are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations for the respective period. Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful lives of the related assets using the straight-line method for financial statement purposes. The estimated useful lives for significant capital asset categories are as follows:

	<u>Years</u>
Capital improvements and infrastructure	7-100
Buildings and improvements	20-30
Vehicles and equipment	3-10
Water distribution systems	25-50

In the governmental fund financial statements, structural improvements (reservoirs, drainage systems, or any other projects) constructed by the District for any of its purposes are recorded as expenditures at the time of construction. In addition, major acquisitions of land that may have a future saleable value associated with project costs are reported as capital improvements and are recorded as a current period governmental fund expenditure.

In the government-wide financial statements, structural improvements, land acquisitions, equipment purchases, public domain costs, infrastructure costs (such as dams, levees, reservoirs and drainage systems), and similar assets are included as capital assets. The District records proposed infrastructure at the historical cost of the land until the actual infrastructure construction costs are incurred and capitalized.

## Compensated Absences

The District's employees are granted annual leave and sick pay in varying amounts based on length of service and actual hours worked. Annual leave and unused sick pay may be carried over at year-end up to 53 days and 180 days, respectively. After one year of service, employees are entitled to all accrued vacation leave and 25% of accrued sick leave, upon termination.

## Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the counties on December 31 and are delinquent if not paid by March or April 1 and August or September 1 following the levy date. The seven counties located within the District collect the taxes levied by the District. The portion of the property taxes levied by the District is remitted from the counties as the taxes are collected, less a one percent commission. For fiscal year 2014-15, the taxes levied totaled \$18,031,222 at a tax levy rate of \$0.032753 per \$100 of valuation on a total valuation of \$55,052,013,961.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

## Property Taxes, Continued

The placement of a lien against property with delinquent taxes in the various counties is at the discretion of the respective county attorneys. However, the vast majority of delinquent property taxes are purchased through transactions called tax certificate sales. In the event the property owner does not pay the property taxes to the County Treasurer within three years, the holder of the tax certificate has the right to take ownership of the property.

## Use of Estimates

Preparing the District's financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## Allocation of Indirect Expenses/Interfund Activity

The District is responsible for paying all employee wages and vehicle and fuel expenses of the rural water district proprietary funds. The portion of these expenses directly attributable to the proprietary funds, plus a 15% surcharge to cover administrative costs, is billed to and reimbursed by each rural water district. General administration services include overall District management, centralized budgetary formulation and oversight, accounting, payroll, investing and cash management, personnel services, and other general administration services. Services provided are treated as revenues and expenses in the respective funds. The actual amount of indirect cost reimbursement received by the District at June 30, 2015, was \$336,080. These reimbursements are included as an offset in the general administration expenses in the Statement of Activities.

## Cost Sharing Reimbursements

The District participates in multiple cost sharing agreements with various other governmental entities, such as the City of Omaha or other area natural resource districts, on a regular basis. These agreements provide funding for recreational trails, water drainage systems, and other improvements that benefit the general public. The District's share of the cost is stated in each of the cost sharing agreements, most often as a maximum amount to be paid. The District normally does not retain an interest in the projects, with the city or other governmental entities providing the routine maintenance as necessary.

## Economic Dependency

The District receives the majority of its revenues from property tax rates subject to legislative change and from various grants funded by federal, state, and local governments.

## <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of net position or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (as either an expense or expenditure) until that period. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category and is reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on a bond refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt from its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding bonds.

## PAPIO-MISSOURI RIVER NATURAL RESOURCES DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

## Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Continued

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that period. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Unavailable revenue received after the availability period. This includes property taxes plus other local taxes and fees received after 60 days. They are reported as deferred inflows on the governmental funds balance sheet and will be recognized next year.

### 2. COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

## **Budgetary Information**

An annual budget is adopted each fiscal year for the General and Proprietary Funds on the cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("GAAP") as required by statute. The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the required supplementary information in accordance with the statutory requirements of the Nebraska Budget Act:

On or before August 1, District management prepares and transmits a budget for each District fund showing the projected requirements, outstanding warrants, operating reserve, cash on hand at the close of the preceding fiscal year, projected revenue collected from sources other than property tax and amount to be raised by property taxation. At least one public hearing must be held by the District's Board of Directors.

On or before September 20, the budget is adopted by the Board of Directors and the amounts provided therein are appropriated. Once approved by the Board of Directors, the legally adopted budget can be modified only with the approval of the Board. No supplemental appropriations or modifications were made from the original budget.

All appropriations lapse at the end of the budget year.

The District Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund through resolution. The Board may allow certain accounts to exceed 110% of their budgeted amount if District personnel provide reasonable justification for doing so before the expenditures occur.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Actual and Budget (Budgetary Basis) – Governmental Fund presents comparisons of legally adopted budgets to actual data prepared in accordance with the accounting basis indicated above.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, The District met all the budgetary requirements with the State of Nebraska. However, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the Washington Rural Water Fund and the Thurston County Rural Water Fund.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

### 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Statutes authorize the District to invest excess cash in deposits at banks designated as depositories of the District, certificates of deposit, time deposits and in any securities in which the State investment officer is authorized to invest and as provided in the investment guidelines of the Nebraska Investment Council.

Deposits and investments consisted of the following at June 30, 2015:

	<u>Total</u>	General Fund	Proprietary <u>Funds</u>
Checking accounts and petty cash	\$ 30,624,896	\$ 29,762,746	\$ 862,150
Cash on hand at County Treasurers	344,376	344,376	7=
Certificates of deposit	1,166,895	50,000	1,116,895
Total	\$ 32,136,167	\$ 30,157,122	\$ 1,979,045

The carrying amount of the District's deposits, including fiduciary funds, was \$32,419,035 and the bank balances were \$32,556,371 at June 30, 2015. Certificates of deposit have been included in the bank and book balances for cash. At June 30, 2015, the entire balance was covered by federal depository insurance coverage, the full faith and credit of the United States government or pledged securities held by the bank in the District's name.

Investments are stated at fair value, which at June 30, 2015 approximates cost. For fiscal year 2015, the District invested only in U.S. Treasury Bills, other federal obligations, or certificates of deposits within federally insured banks and money market funds investing in these securities. The District records all interest revenue related to investment activities in the respective funds.

The District mitigates the following types of deposit and investment risks through compliance with the State Statutes referred to above and through compliance with its investment policies. However, the District has not adopted a policy to manage interest rate risk. The three types of deposit and investment risks are the following:

- <u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> for deposits and investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a bank or other counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its deposits or investments or collateral securities in the possession of a third-party.
- <u>Credit Risk</u> for deposits and investments, credit risk is the risk that a bank or other counterparty defaults on its principal and/or interest payments owed to the District.
- <u>Interest Rate Risk</u> for deposits and investments, interest rate risk is the risk that the value of deposits and investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

### 4. RESERVED/RESTRICTED FUNDS

The Board of Directors, by resolution, has established a sinking fund and reserved/restricted cash accounts for various purposes. All of the accounts are fully funded at their required levels at June 30, 2015. The following is a summary of the reservations placed on cash and investments for the year ended June 30, 2015:

### General Sinking Funds:

Unrestricted, but Reserved Certificate of Deposit	\$	50,000
Unrestricted, but Reserved Cash Accounts:  Reserved for Wetland Mitigation and the development of future wetlands.		5,444
The Board of Directors, by resolution has reserved funds to be spent on costs incurred for Watershed Plan Projects (WPRB-5, WPRB-6, WPRB-		2,
7, DS-15A, and Zorinksy Basin 2).		664,853
The Board of Directors, by resolution and in accordance with the Interlocal Cooperation Act Agreement, has reserved funds to reimburse parties to this agreement that incurred costs as a result of the removal of ice jams.		117,478
Restricted Cash Accounts:		
The Board of Directors, by resolution, has established a bond escrow		
which shall be restricted for use on the specific projects including WPRB-5 and Dam Site 15-A.	_16	<u>6,781,773</u>
Total general fund reserves	\$ 17	7,619,548

### Proprietary Sinking Funds:

In compliance with loan covenants for the notes described in Note 8, the Proprietary Funds have restricted \$240,557. Thurston County has restricted a certificate of deposit in the amount of \$42,857 and Washington County Rural Water #2 has restricted cash in the amount of \$197,700.

### 5. INTERNAL BALANCES/INTERFUND PAYABLES AND RECEIVABLES

Outstanding balances between funds reported as "due to/due from other funds" include outstanding charges by one fund to another for services, goods, or other miscellaneous receivables/payables between funds. Balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Interfund balances at June 30, 2015, consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

<u>Due to</u>	<u>Due from</u>	<u>Amount</u>
General Fund	Thurston County Rural Water	\$ 3,532
General Fund	Washington Co. Rural Water	26,738
General Fund	Dakota County Rural Water	14,112
General Fund	Elkhorn River Stabilization	2,175
General Fund	Elk/Pigeon Creek Drainage	54,372
General Fund	Western Sarpy Drainage	6,932
		<u>\$ 107,861</u>

### 6. DUE FROM FUNDING AGENCIES

Revenue from governmental grants and contracts are recognized as earned when all applicable eligibility requirements are met. Funds received from the various agencies less than or greater than the expenditures of the program are recorded as assets or liabilities, respectively. At June 30, 2015, \$5,202,924 was due from other governmental agencies.

The District has entered into several construction agreements that involve reimbursement from the federal government for a portion of the District's expenses associated with those construction projects. At June 30, 2015, the District had receivables due from the federal government in the amount of \$483,798.

### 7. CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of the capital assets of the governmental funds. In the government-wide financial statements, these amounts are included in the Statement of Net Position. These amounts are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements.

	Balance June 30, 2014 <u>As restated</u>	Additions	Transfers/ Deletions	Balance June 30, 2015
Not depreciated Land Construction in	\$ 67,207,729	\$ 14,102,807	\$ (113,760)	\$ 81,196,776
progress	50,188,060	12,642,098	(44,091,613)	18,738,545
	117,395,789	26,744,905	(44,205,373)	99,935,321
Depreciated Capital improvements				
and infrastructure	118,301,560	44,585,288	•	162,886,848
Buildings and improvements Vehicles and	6,796,376	119,388	=	6,915,764
equipment	4,357,176	268,737	(179,771)	4,446,142
	129,455,112	44,973,413	(179,771)	174,248,754
Less accumulated depreciation	(68,160,467)	(3,525,826)	145,417	(71,540,876)
	61,294,645	41,447,587	(34,354)	102,707,878
	\$ 178,690,434	\$ 68,192,492	<u>\$ (44,239,727)</u>	\$ 202,643,199

### 7. CAPITAL ASSETS, CONTINUED

The governmental funds allocated depreciation expense in the government-wide financial statements to the primary government functions as follows:

General administration	\$	328,192
Flood control		2,499,439
Recreation	_	698,195
Total depreciation expense	\$ 3	3,525,826

The following is a summary of the capital assets of the Proprietary Funds:

	Balance June 30, 2014	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2015
Not depreciated Land Construction in	\$ 214,215	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 214,215
Progress	<u> </u>	44,801		44,801
	214,215	44,801		259,016
Depreciated Capital improvements and infrastructure				
	9,567,799	{ <b>≥</b> :	-	9,567,799
Vehicles and	400.000			400.000
equipment	122,080			122,080
	9,689,879	-		9,689,879
Less accumulated				
depreciation	(1,980,689)	(120,877)	- 23-2	_(2,101,566)
	7,709,190	(120,877)		7,588,313
	<u>\$ 7,923,405</u>	<b>\$</b> (76,076)	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 7,847,329</u>

### 8. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

### **General Fund Long-Term Debt:**

<u>Fund</u>

Due Date

The following is a summary of the long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2015. In the government-wide financial statements, this amount is included in the Statement of Net Position. This amount is not reported in the governmental fund statements.

Interest

Rates

Principal

**Balance** 

Principal

Payable

General   December 2032   Annually   2.00% to 4.00%   \$ 14,610,000
General         June 2031         Semi-Annual         .045% to 4.8%         11,055,000           General         March 2016         Semi-Annual         3.69%         406,233           General         August 2016         Annually         3.20%         35,569           \$ 67,436,802         \$ 67,436,802           Governmental Activities         Beginning Balance         Ending One Year           Flood Protection and Water Quality Enhancement Bonds - 2010         \$ 11,775,000         \$ - \$ (11,775,000)         \$ - \$ - \$ -           Flood Protection and Water Quality Enhancement Bonds - 2013         15,200,000         - (590,000)         14,610,000         600,000           Flood Protection and Water Quality Enhancement Bonds - 2013         41,850,000         - (520,000)         41,330,000         580,000           Flood Protection and Water Quality Enhancement Refunding Bonds - 2015         - 11,055,000         - 11,055,000         - 11,055,000         615,000           Note Payable American National Bank         803,113         - (396,880)         406,233         406,233           CAT Financial         64,613         - (29,044)         35,569         35,569           Wise Truck         39,051         - (390,051)         - (390,051)         - (390,051)         - (390,051)         - (390,051)         - (
General         March 2016         Semi-Annual         3.69%         406,233           General         August 2016         Annually         3.20%         35,569/\$ 67,436,802           Governmental Activities         Beginning Balance         Reductions         Ending Balance         Due Within One Year           Flood Protection and Water Quality Enhancement Bonds - 2010         \$11,775,000         - \$(11,775,000)         - \$-           Flood Protection and Water Quality Enhancement Bonds - 2013         15,200,000         - (590,000)         14,610,000         600,000           Flood Protection and Water Quality Enhancement Bonds - 2013         41,850,000         - (520,000)         41,330,000         580,000           Flood Protection and Water Quality Enhancement Refunding Bonds - 2015         - 11,055,000         - 11,055,000         615,000           Note Payable American National Bank         803,113         - (396,880)         406,233         406,233           CAT Financial         64,613         - (29,044)         35,569         35,569           Wise Truck         39,051         - (390,051)         - (29,044)         - (29,044)         - (29,044)
General   August 2016   Annually   3.20%   35,569   \$ 67,436,802
S   67,436,802   S
Activities         Balance         Additions         Reductions         Balance         One Year           Flood Protection and Water Quality Enhancement Bonds - 2010         \$ 11,775,000         \$ - \$ (11,775,000)         \$ - \$ -           Flood Protection and Water Quality Enhancement Bonds - 2013         15,200,000         - (590,000)         14,610,000         600,000           Flood Protection and Water Quality Enhancement Bonds - 2013         41,850,000         - (520,000)         41,330,000         580,000           Flood Protection and Water Quality Enhancement Refunding Bonds - 2015         - 11,055,000         - 11,055,000         - 11,055,000         615,000           Note Payable American National Bank         803,113         - (396,880)         406,233         406,233           CAT Financial         64,613         - (29,044)         35,569         35,569           Wise Truck         39,051         - (39,051)         - (39,051)         - (39,051)         - (39,051)
Bonds - 2010
Water Quality Enhancement Bonds - 2013       15,200,000       - (590,000)       14,610,000       600,000         Flood Protection and Water Quality Enhancement Bonds - 2013       41,850,000       - (520,000)       41,330,000       580,000         Flood Protection and Water Quality Enhancement Refunding Bonds - 2015       - 11,055,000       - 11,055,000       615,000         Note Payable American National Bank       803,113       - (396,880)       406,233       406,233         CAT Financial       64,613       - (29,044)       35,569       35,569         Wise Truck       39,051       - (39,051)       - (39,051)       - (39,051)       - (39,051)
Water Quality Enhancement       41,850,000       - (520,000)       41,330,000       580,000         Flood Protection and Water Quality Enhancement       - 11,055,000       - 11,055,000       615,000         Note Payable American National Bank       803,113       - (396,880)       406,233       406,233         CAT Financial       64,613       - (29,044)       35,569       35,569         Wise Truck       39,051       - (39,051)       - (39,051)       - (39,051)
Water Quality Enhancement       -       11,055,000       -       11,055,000       615,000         Note Payable       -       -       (396,880)       406,233       406,233         American National Bank       803,113       -       (396,880)       406,233       406,233         CAT Financial       64,613       -       (29,044)       35,569       35,569         Wise Truck       39,051       -       (39,051)       -       -
American National Bank       803,113       - (396,880)       406,233       406,233         CAT Financial       64,613       - (29,044)       35,569         Wise Truck       39,051       - (39,051)       - (39,051)
Wise Truck39,051(39,051)

### 8. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, CONTINUED

### **Proprietary Funds Long-term Debt:**

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Series</u>	Due <u>Date</u>	Principal <u>Payable</u>	Payment <u>Ranges</u>	Interest <u>Rates</u>	Principal <u>Balance</u>
Washington Rural Water Washington	2011A	June 2032	Annual	\$45,000 to \$295,000 \$19,000 to	2,80%- 5.00%	\$ 1,245,000
Rural Water Thurston Rural	2013	June 2017 December	Monthly	\$506,000 Based on	4.12%	528,329
Water Thurston Rural	1982	2022 February	Annual	water fees Based on	5.00%	148,492
Water	1993	2033	Annual	water fees	5.63%	177,107
Total long-term de	ebt					2,098,928,
Business-t Activities		Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	Reductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Due Within One Year
Bonds Payable: Water Project R	Refundina					
Revenue Bon Water Project R	ds-2011A	\$ 1,540,000	\$ -	\$ (295,000)	\$ 1,245,000	\$ 45,000
Revenue Bor		547,510	-	(19,181)	528,329	21,767
Notes Payable Capmark Finan Rural Economic		166,601	÷	(18,109)	148,492	18,897
Community Development		182,772		(5,665)	177,107	6,001
Business-type Ac Long-term Liabi		<u>\$ 2,436,883</u>	\$	<u>\$ (337,955</u> )	\$ 2,098,928	<u>\$ 91,665</u>

The annual principal and interest requirements to maturity for long-term debt as of June 30, 2015 follows:

Year(s) ending	Genera	al Fund	Proprietary	y Funds	То	tal
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	<u>Interest</u>
2016	\$ 2,236,802	\$ 2,600,475	\$ 91,665	\$ 92,428	\$ 2,328,467	\$ 2,692,903
2017	1,915,000	2,544,004	577,743	88,900	2,492,743	2,632,904
2018	2,045,000	2,489,639	77,529	65,559	2,122,529	2,555,198
2019	2,195,000	2,426,611	78,947	62,741	2,273,947	2,489,352
2020	2,340,000	2,354,309	80,439	62,817	2,420,439	2,417,126
2021-2025	14,515,000	10,243,428	373,214	245,104	14,888,214	10,488,532
2026-2030	20,555,000	6,509,853	413,033	165,327	20,968,033	6,675,180
2031-2035	21,635,000	<u>1,852,241</u>	406,358	<u>37,135</u>	22,041,358	<u> 1,889,376</u>
	\$ 67,436,802	\$ 31,020,560	\$ 2,098,928	<u>\$ 820,011</u>	<u>\$ 69,535,730</u>	<u>\$ 31,840,571</u>

On June 16, 2015, the District issued Water Quality Enhancement Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$11,055,000 with an average interest rate of 3.25% for the purpose of refunding bonds issued in 2010. This refunding resulted in a cash flow savings of approximately \$497,255 and an economic gain of \$407,539. These bonds were issued at a premium of \$351,259 and bond issue costs of \$158,951, resulting in net proceeds of \$11,247,308.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

### 9. GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

For governmental funds, the fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The District has identified fund balances on the Balance Sheet-Governmental Fund as of June 30, 2014 as follows:

Nonspendable Prepaid expenses		\$	293,375
Restricted Bond escrow Federal programs Total restricted	\$ 16,781,773 483,798	17	7,265,571
Committed Wetland mitigation Watershed fees Ice jam Total committed	5,444 664,853 117,478		787,775
Assigned Uninsured liability			50,000
Unassigned		_20	0,798,068
Total fund balance		\$ 39	9,194,789

### 10. ACCUMULATED UNPAID ANNUAL LEAVE AND SICK PAY

The estimated current portion of the liability for vested vacation benefits and sick leave is \$128,867 and \$28,899 at June 30, 2015, respectively. These amounts are recorded as expenditures and liabilities in the General Fund in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The long-term portion is \$210,716 and \$289,791, respectively, at June 30, 2015. These amounts are recorded as non-current liabilities in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and are not recorded in the governmental fund financial statements. The amount of unvested sick leave benefits payable amounts to \$956,071 at June 30, 2015, and is not reported as an expenditure or liability in any of the District's June 30, 2015 financial statements.

The change in compensated absences for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

Governmental-type <u>Activity:</u>	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	Reductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Due Within One Year
Compensated Absences	\$ 636,645	\$ 21,628	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 658,273	\$ 157,766

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED

### 11. OPERATING LEASE

The District entered into a leasing agreement for copy machines in September 2011, and a leasing agreement for a desktop copier in December 2011. The District pays \$620 per month plus applicable taxes for the 60-month copier lease, and \$42 per month plus applicable taxes for the desktop copier lease, as well as a charge per copy that is paid quarterly. During fiscal year 2015, the District's operating lease expense was \$7,692. Following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments.

Year ending June 30,:	<u>Amount</u>
2016	\$7,440
2017	1,860

### 12. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN

All of the District's eligible employees participate in the Nebraska Association of Resources Districts Employees' Governmental Retirement Plan, a statewide multiple-employer retirement system covering all eligible employees of Natural Resources Districts within the State of Nebraska. The plan is a qualified defined contribution plan under applicable IRS and DOL regulations.

All employees who are employed for a minimum of six months, are regularly scheduled to work at least thirty-seven and one-half hours per week, and are age nineteen or older are eligible to participate in the State retirement plan. The District requires all full-time employees to participate. Participants become fully vested after five years, which is applicable only to the employer's contribution, at a rate of 20% at the end of each year.

Plan participants are required to contribute 5.5% of their compensation each pay period, and the District is required to contribute 6.0% of the employee's compensation for each pay period. The District's contributions for the year ended June 30, 2015 were \$180,630, which were the required contributions. Plan forfeitures, if any, are allocated to the other active participants in the plan.

### 13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District has committed future funds to several ongoing and new projects and cost share agreements. The total commitments under signed contracts at year-end were approximately \$26,700,000. Since the future expenditures will be included in the District's future budgets and are part of the District's function, these commitments have not been recorded in the District's financial statements.

The District engages in land development projects and occasionally invokes eminent domain to acquire the required land to undertake the project. The value of the land acquired by the District when eminent domain is invoked is determined by either a board of appraisers in the affected county, or through the judiciary. The amount of payments that may be required for land, if any, is unknown at June 30, 2015.

The District participates in various federal and state assisted grant and contract programs that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlement to these resources is generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of grant agreements and applicable federal and state regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any revision or disallowance resulting from a federal or state audit may become a liability of the District. The District's management believes such revisions or disallowances, if any, will not be material to the accompanying financial statements.

### 13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES, CONTINUED

Certain conditions may exist as of the date of the financial statements which may result in a loss to the District, but which will only be resolved when one or more future events occur or fail to occur. The District's management and its legal counsel assess such contingent liabilities, and such assessment inherently involves an exercise of judgment. In assessing loss contingencies related to legal proceedings that are pending against the District or unasserted claims that may result in such proceedings, the District's legal counsel evaluates the perceived merits of any legal proceedings or unasserted claims as well as the perceived merits of the amount of relief sought or expected to be sought therein. At June 30, 2015, a reasonable estimate could not be determined for any potential loss contingencies.

### 14. FIDUCIARY FUND: PAPILLION CREEK WATERSHED PARTNERSHIP

The Papillion Creek Watershed Partnership ("PCWP") was created in 2001 through an inter-local agreement to proactively deal with the demands on the Papillion Creek drainage area and to develop an implementation plan that addresses solutions to water quantity and quality problems. The Papillion Creek Watershed consists of the land area that conveys water to the Missouri River. The PCWP is comprised of 9 local governments that are wholly or partially in the Papillion Creek Watershed. These local governments fund engineering studies, but do not do any actual construction projects. The District is the administering agent.

### 15. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage to, or destruction of assets, errors or omissions, injuries to employees or acts of God. These risks are transferred to independent insurance carriers and no self-insurance program is maintained by the District. District management believes adequate coverage exists for potential exposures as of June 30, 2015. The District did not pay any settlement amounts, which exceeded its insurance coverage for the year ending June 30, 2015, 2014 or 2013.

### 16. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The District has made a prior period adjustment on its government wide financial statements for \$2,408,904 to capitalize costs incurred in prior years for the Missouri River Levee project. On prior year financial statements this amount was recorded as an expense on the Statement of Activities. This adjustment had no impact on the fund financial statements.

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

				Bud	laet			Variance Favorable
		Actual		Original		Final	(L	Infavorable)
REVENUES:					-			
General administration	\$	19,160,5 <b>4</b> 7	\$	18,576,547	\$	18,576,547	\$	584,000
Watershed		3,552,668		4,268,000		4,268,000		(715,332)
Information and education		8,395		7,000		7,000		1,395
Flood control		5,558,155		8,965,991		8,965,991		(3,407,836)
Erosion control		3,440,255		3,953,474		3,953,474		(513,219)
Water quality		104,972		192,984		192,984		(88,012)
Recreation		5,875		231,000		231,000		(225,125)
Forestry and wildlife		4		807,005		807,005	-	(807,001)
Total revenues	_	31,830,871	-	37,002,001		37,002,001	_	(5,171,130)
EXPENDITURES:								
General administration		9,985,178		11,160,369		11,160,369		1,175,191
Watershed		20,037,963		38,545,121		38,545,121		18,507,158
Information and education		195,249		272,200		272,200		76,951
Flood control		8,562,402		13,848,875		13,848,875		5,286,473
Erosion control		6,282,590		\$7,360,264		7,360,264		1,077,674
Water quality		403,952		633,019		633,019		229,067
Recreation		1,342,716		6,202,051		6,202,051		4,859,335
Forestry and wildlife		155,810		1,329,500	_	1,329,500		1,173,690
Total expenditures	_	46,965,860	-	79,351,399	-	79,351,399	-	32,385,539
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES								
(BUDGETARY BASIS) AND OTHER SOURCES	<u>\$</u>	(15,134,989)	<u>\$</u>	(42,349,398)	\$	(42,349,398)	\$	27,214,409
ADJUSTMENTS REQUIRED UNDER ACCOUNTING								
PRINCIPLES GENERALLY ACCEPTED IN THE								
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA:								
To adjust revenues for accruals		(3,213,859)						
To adjust expenditures for accruals and prepaids		1,917,058						
. a day and an experience and a second and properties		.,,						
MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS INCREASE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(16,431,790)						

### NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### NOTE 1 - BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying budgetary comparison schedule is presented on the modified cash basis of accounting accepted or approved by the State of Nebraska. Under this basis of accounting, encumbered cash is considered an expenditure and is reported as a disbursement in the year the cash is encumbered.

### **NOTE 2 – BUDGET LAW**

The District is required by state law to hold public hearings and adopt annual budgets for all funds on the cash basis of accounting. Total expenditures for each fund may not exceed the total budgeted expenditures. Any revisions to the adopted budget of total expenditures to any fund require a public hearing.

### SCHEDULE OF FUNCTIONAL REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

REVENUES:	
Federal grants	\$ 1,735,333
Interest income	25,214
Local agency grants	2,015,852
Miscellaneous income	911,018
Property tax	18,202,999
Rental income	216,681
State grants	3,707,612
Total revenues	26,814,709
EXPENDITURES:	
Board of directors	57,587
Contract work	1,298,398
Cost-sharing and conservation assistance	3,286,882
Debt principal payments	2,039,126
Employee benefits	832,533
Fees	184,165
Indirect cost reimbursement	(336,080)
Information and education	84,296
Insurance	272,626
Interest expense	2,941,865
Machinery and equipment	295,348
Miscellaneous	2,492
Payroll taxes	239,443
Personnel	3,191,345
Printing and publications	50,032
Professional services	2,937,670
Project construction and land	23,951,673
Project legal costs	370,734
Project operation and maintenance	270,365
Repairs and maintenance	358,311
Special projects	188,487
Supplies and postage	169,852
Telephone, utilities, and rent	173,822
Travel	56,294
Uncollectible grants	29,311
Vehicle expense	299,922
Total expenditures	43,246,499
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ (16,431,790)

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION ACTUAL AND BUDGET PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Total	Total (Memorandum Only)	nly)	Wash	Washington Rural Water	ter	Non-Ma	Non-Major Proprietary Funds	spu
		Budget	get		Budge	get		Budgel	et
OPERATING REVENUES:	Actual	Original	Final	Actual	Original	Final	Actual	Original	Final
Water sales	\$ 950,237	\$ 960,000	\$ 960,000	\$ 530,479	\$ 530,000	\$ 530,000	\$ 419,758	\$ 430,000	\$ 430,000
Customer charges and hookup fees	113,370	63,300	63,300	87,900	47,500	47,500	25,470	15,800	15,800
Miscellaneous	47,095	1,050	1,050	1,552	550	550	45,543	200	200
Total operating revenues	1,110,702	1,024,350	1,024,350	619,931	578,050	578,050	490,771	446,300	446,300
OPERATING EXPENSES:									
Repairs and maintenance	12,589	8,450	8,450	9,165	3,250	3,250	3,424	5,200	5,200
Supplies and postage	13,210	8,675	8,675	5,955	2,300	2,300	7,255	6,375	6,375
Professional services	66,400	64,300	64,300	56,748	28,500	28,500	9,652	35,800	35,800
Personnel	401,523	465,700	465,700	208,630	202,700	202,700	192,893	263,000	263,000
Telephone, utilities and rent	23,955	22,650	21,700	12,079	10,150	9,200	11,876	12,500	12,500
Miscellaneous	2,544	7,250	7,250	1,996	4,700	4,700	548	2,550	2,550
Water purchase	246,827	314,750	314,750	162,747	208,750	208,750	84,080	106,000	106,000
Contract costs	211,711	121,500	121,500	139,169	35,000	35,000	72,542	86,500	86,500
Project construction and land	1,171	2,200	2,150	99	200	150	1,115	2,000	2,000
Project operation and maintenance	*	6,500	6,500	ν	e.	ĸ	50	6,500	6,500
Depreciation and amortization	120,877	ì	*	78,581	×	*	42,296	*	38
Vehicle expense	7,029	8,500	8,500	e	c	e.	7,029	8,500	8,500
Bond expenditures	*	ě	æ	*	90	*		×	ě
Other	144	1,500	1,500		009	009	144	006	006
Total operating expense	1,107,980	1,031,975	1,030,975	675,126	496,150	495,150	432,854	535,825	535,825
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	2,722	(7,625)	(6,625)	(55,195)	81,900	82,900	57,917	(89,525)	(89,525)
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE):									
Assessment revenue	90,134	80,000	80,000	((a)) - 1	(III)	((*)) G	90,134	80,000	80,000
Interest income	15,8/9	4,715	(677 211)	13,116	3,029	3,029	3,783	1,686	1,586
niteres expense Total non-operating income (expense)	(4,742)	(29,058)	(29,058)	(70,179)	(99,244)	(99,244)	65,437	70,186	70,186
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(2,020)	\$ (36,683)	\$ (35,683)	(125,374)	\$ (17,344)	\$ (16,344)	123,354	\$ (19,339)	\$ (19,339)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	7,666,988			5,161,184			2,505,804		
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 7,664,968			\$ 5,035,810			\$ 2,629,158		

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NON-MAJOR - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

ASSETS		Total	ш ∽	Elkhorn River Stabilization	Elk/Pigeon Creek Drainage	n Creek age	Westem Sarpy Drainage	>	E a	Elkhom Breakout	Dakota Rural Water	a ater	Thurs	Thurston County Rural Water
CURRENT ASSETS:	,		,						, .					
Cash and cash equivalents	<del>59</del>	492,495	₩	158,305	н	499	\$ 129	129,540	<del>69</del>	6,620	₩	169,701	69	27,830
Service receivables		47.367				2 3				. 65	•	30,875		16.397
Interest receivable		423				1		9				387		36
Due from other funds		Î.		٠		i W		)X		Ť		*		3
Inventories		32,539		3		70		. *		•		29,343		3,196
Total current assets		942,429	ļ yl	158,305		499	129	129.540		6,715	4,	599,911		47.459
NON-CURRENT ASSETS:														
Reserved cash and cash equivalents				*		8		, *		•		*		
Restricted certificates of deposit		42,857		×		(8)		•		Ť		*		42,857
Installment receivable, less current portion		*		9		100		96		9				
Capital assets		. 450 050				24.0						000		000
Land		213,215				612,112		٠.		i i		000,1		1,000
Capital improvements and infractureline		729 992				o ⊪		. 1		9	<u> </u>	771 117		44,601 058,875
Vehicles and equipment		57.459		( 9		1		0.0		i		57.450		2000
Accumulated depreciation		(947,879)		(8)		- 04				0	2	(643,687)		(304,192)
Total capital assets		2.097,588				211,215		Ι,			1	1 185 889		700,484
								1						
Total non-current assets		2,140,445	ļ	•	ļ	211,215		1		1	1	1,185,889		743,341
	69	3,082,874	ь	158,305	69	211,714	\$ 129	129,540	69	6,715	& L	1,785,800	69	790,800
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION														
CURRENT LIABILITIES: Accounts navable	64	34 792	¢.	,	G	6	¥		¥	,	¥	26 961		7.831
Accrued expenses	•	12.202	•		•	3 30	•	2.05	•		<b>,</b>	1.472		10,730
Due to other funds		81,123		2,175		54,372	9	6,932		×		14,112		3,532
Current partion of long-term debt		24,906		*		80		ij		9				24,906
Total current liabilities		153,023		2,175		54,372	9	6,932		(0)		42,545		46,999
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES: I one-tern debt less current nortion		300 693				(54		138		٠		34		300 693
		075 047		1		010	,	18						200
l otal liabilities		453,716		2,1/5		54,372	0	6,932		1		42,545		347,692
NET POSITION:		000				200					•	r		4
invested in capital assets, het of related debt Restricted		42.857				C17,112		. 11			-	1,165,869		3/4,885
Unrestricted	3	814,312		156,130		(53,873)	122	122,608		6,715		557,366	Ţ	25,366
Total net position		2,629,158		156,130		157,342	122	122,608		6,715		1,743,255		443,108
	U	3 082 874	в	158 305	e	211 714	9	120 540	e	A 71R		4 795 POO	6	700 000
	9	3 002 014	9	200,001	e	7117117		7	e	0,710	-	000,007	A	130,000

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION NON-MAJOR - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		Total		EIKh	Elkhorn River Stabilization	ation	Elk/Pig	Elk/Pigeon Creek Drainage	inage
		ш.	Budget	8	Buc	Budget		Buc	Budget
OPERATING REVENUES:	Actual	Original	Final	Actual	Original	Final	Actual	Original	Final
Water sales Customer charges and brokun fees	\$ 419,758	\$ 430,000	\$ 430,000	₩.	S	₩	₩	€9	· <del>У</del>
Sales			2	S 74	į į	( @	9	( 13	
Miscellaneous	45,543	200	200				ř	9	0 (0)
Total operating revenues	490,771	446,300	446,300					***	1
OPERATING EXPENSES:									
Repairs and maintenance	3,424	5,200	5,200	16	3	()	<u>(*</u>	#	ŷ
Supplies and postage	7,255	6,375	6,375	#II		•	•	80	8
Professional services Personnel	9,652	35,800	35,800	534	5,000	5,000	*	. 000	® 000 g
	192,030	200,000	200,000	ec. 4	000'	000,	6 )	000,6	000,6
Telephone, utilities and rent	11.876	12.500	12.500	0 866		9	9	9	
Miscellaneous	548	2,550	2,550	W.	Ī		9		
Water purchase	84,080	106,000	106,000		A.	3		) (š	()
Contract costs	72,542	86,500	86,500	TIC.	Ü		Ü	ı	•))
Project construction and land	1,115	2,000	2,000	*				9	9
Project operation and maintenance		6,500	6,500	D	5,000	5,000	2	200	200
Depreciation and amortization	42,296	£	*:	٠	<u>(</u> )	*	(£)	*	W.
Vehicle expense	7,029	8,500	8,500	136	ä	ij.	Ä	3	()
Bond expenditures		ē	*()	¥0		•))	100	9)	35
Other	144	006	006			Y	*		•
Total operating expenses	432,854	535,825	535,825	534	17,000	17,000		5,500	5,500
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	57,917	(89,525)	(89,525)	(534)	(17,000)	(17,000)		(5,500)	(5,500)
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE): Assessment revenue Gain on sale of fixed asset	90,134	80,000	80,000	21,164	20,000	20,000	49,351	45,000	45,000
Interest income Interest expense	3,763 (28,460)	1,686 (11,500)	1,686 (11,500)	106	120	120	17	9 8	3 ×
Transfers Total non-operating income	65,437	70,186	70,186	21,270	20,120	20,120	49,368	45,000	45,000
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	123,354	(19,339)	\$ (19,339)	\$ 20,736	\$ 3,120	\$ 3,120	49,368	\$ 39,500	\$ 39,500
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$ 2,505,804			\$ 135,394			\$ 107,974		
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,629,158			\$ 156,130			\$ 157,342		

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION NON-MAJOR - PROPRIETARY FUNDS, CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

OPERATING REVENUES: Water sales Customer charges and hookup fees Miscellaneous Total operating revenues OPERATING EXPENSES: Repairs and maintenance	Aci		3	2000			1	חממבו
OPERATING REVENUES: Water sales Customer charges and hookup fees Miscellaneous Total operating revenues OPERATING EXPENSES: Repairs and maintenance		Actual	Original	Final	Actual	ا <sup>د</sup> ا ا	Original	
Customer charges and hookup fees Miscellaneous Total operating revenues OPERATING EXPENSES: Repairs and maintenance	69	,	69	69	69	69		69
Miscellaneous  Total operating revenues  OPERATING EXPENSES: Repairs and maintenance	٠					1 10	*	•
Total operating revenues  OPERATING EXPENSES:  Repairs and maintenance		•	15	30	.5	7	(0)	9
OPERATING EXPENSES: Repairs and maintenance		•	(1.5)			   .	7	П
Repairs and maintenance								
		((	11	0)		3	ĵ.	
Supplies and postage		(1)	18	,		õ		
Professional services		2,508	5,000	5,000		÷	٠	
Personnel		1,424	30,000	30,000				
Insurance						•	•	
Telephone, utilities and rent		ŧ		•0	( 7)	- 20	•	
Miscellaneous		8	1	(0)	I.O.	÷	*	
Water purchase		×	35	×	1/0	8		
Contract costs		•	6,000	000'9	140	(a)	•	
Project construction and land		93	1,000	1,000	20	20	8	
Project operation and maintenance		•	1,000	1 000		÷	Ř	
Depreciation and amortization		0	×	0	.IA	i i	10	
Vehicle expense		•	0	(*);	0.	.00	1	
Bond expenditures		9	E.	**		Ŷ	ř.	
Other		(*)	*	(4)		9	*	
Total operating expenses		3,932	43,000	43,000		1	1	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(3,932)	(43,000)	(43,000)		-	1	
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE):								
Assessment revenue	_	19,619	15,000	15,000	70	ÿ		
Gain on Sale of Fixed Asset		٠		(*)		¥	•	
Interest income		91	150	150	4,	5	9	
Interest expense		٠		((*)	0.50	ě	•	
Transfers		()	XI	<b>X</b> 2	8	9	8	
Total non-operating income (expense)		19,710	15,150	15,150	,		9	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	~	15,778	\$ (27,850)	\$ (27,850)	4,	8	9	69
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$ 10	\$ 106,830			\$ 6,710	ol		
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 12	\$ 122,608			\$ 6,715	10		

4,500 5,700 15,000 186,000

4,500 5,700 15,000 186,000

3,094 6,410 5,370 156,852

5,300 2,000 76,000 70,000 1,000

5,300 2,000 76,000 1,000

4,609 431 59,015 60,609

1,115

305,000 14,300 319,800

305,000 14,300 500 319,800

296,688 23,208 403 320,299

Final

Original

Actual

Final

Budget

Dakota Rural Water

(53,650)

↔

\$ (53,650)

(13,669)

9

\$ 1,743,255 \$ 1,756,924

1,200

3,350

1,200

1,200

3,350

9

650 374,650

650 374,650

144 337,318

8,500

8,500

32,640 7,029

(54,850)

(54,850)

(17,019)

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION NON-MAJOR - PROPRIETARY FUNDS, CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Thurst	Thurston County Rural Water Budget Original	ral Water Budget Final	
OPERALING REVENDES: Water sales	\$ 123,070	\$ 125,000	\$ 125,000	
Customer charges and hookup fees	2,262			
Miscellaneous	45,140	x		
l otal operating revenues	170,472	126,500	126,500	
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Repairs and maintenance	330	200	200	
Supplies and postage	845	675	675	
Professional services	1,240	10,800	10,800	
Personnel	34,617	32,000	35,000	
Telephone, utilities and rent	7,267	7,200	7,200	
Miscellaneous	117	550	220	
Water purchase	25,065	30,000	30,000	
Contract costs	11,933	10,500	10,500	
Depreciation and amortization	9,656	38.	30	
Other	Ĭ	250	250	
Total operating expenses	91,070	95,675	95,675	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	79,402	30,825	30,825	
NON-OPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE):				
Interest income	194	210	- 210	
Interest expense	(28,460)	(11,500)	(11,500)	
l otal non-operating income (expense)	(26,200)	(11,290)	(11,290)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	51,136	\$ 19,535	\$ 19,535	
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$ 391,972			
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 443,108			

### SCHEDULE OF CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT GOVERNMENTAL FUND JUNE 30, 2015

		Cost	Interest Rate
General fund	·		
Certificate of deposit			
Great Western Bank	\$	50,000	0.20%
General fund - unrestricted, but reserved investments	\$	50,000	

### SCHEDULE OF CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	Cost	Interest Rate
Proprietary funds		
Certificates of deposit		
Dakota County		
Access Bank	101,882	1.00%
Access Bank	101,723	1.24%
Nebraska-Iowa State Bank	66,000	0.35%
Siouxland National Bank	100,000	0.50%
	369,605	
Washington County		
American National Bank	200,000	0.10%
Core Bank	100,000	0.40%
United Republic Bank	101,259	0.25%
United Republic Bank	101,682	0.50%
Premier Bank	201,492	0.40%
	704,433	
Thurston County		
Premier Bank	42,857	0.40%
	42,857	
Total	\$ 1,116,895	

### SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE POLICIES AND BONDS JUNE 30, 2015

### **REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY**

Real & Personal property; total limit \$15,288,732; deductible/\$5,000; Equipment Floater/\$184,708 on Miscellaneous Equipment with \$10,000 max on any one item; Scheduled Equipment \$1,583,190 with deductible/\$5,000; Flood coverage/\$1,000,000 with deductible/\$5,000; Earthquake and earth movement limit/\$1,000,000 with deductible/\$5,000.

### **GENERAL LIABILITY**

Medical payments/\$10,000; Personal injury and advertising injury/\$1,000,000; Wrongful acts/\$1,000,000 with deductible/\$10,000; Employee benefits liability/\$1,000,000; Professional liability/\$1,000,000; Employment-related practices injury/\$1,000,000 with deductible/\$10,000; Damage to premises rented to you/\$1,000,000; bodily injury and property damage \$1,000,000 per occurrence, \$3,000,000 general aggregate.

### **COMMERCIAL AUTOMOBILE**

Each accident/\$1,000,000; Medical payments/\$5,000; Uninsured and underinsured motorists/\$1,000,000; Collision deductible/\$500.

### **AIRCRAFT**

Single limit, including passengers/\$10,000,000.

### WORKERS' COMPENSATION

Bodily injury by accident/\$500,000; Bodily injury by disease/\$500,000.

### **EMPLOYEE DISHONESTY BONDS**

Public employees/\$100,000; with the exception of one \$15,000 Notary Bond. Forgery/\$250,000 with deductible/\$500; Computer fraud/\$100,000 with deductible/\$500; Theft, disappearance, and destruction/\$250.000 with deductible/\$500.

### **COMMERCIAL EXCESS COVERAGE**

Combined bodily injury and property damage/\$10,000,000.

### **PUBLIC OFFICIAL**

Wrongful acts / \$1,000,000 each; \$3,000,000 aggregate; \$10,000 deductible.

### SCHEDULE OF TAXES RECEIVABLE GOVERNMENTAL FUND JUNE 30, 2015

### COUNTY

Douglas	\$ 4,068,453
Sarpy	2,661,098
Washington	464,164
Dakota	366,774
Burt	67,591
Thurston	65,371
Dodge	349
	\$ 7,693,800

### SCHEDULE OF CASH BALANCES HELD BY COUNTY TREASURERS JUNE 30, 2015

### **GENERAL FUND**

Douglas	\$ 264,561
Sarpy	60,564
Washington	8,198
Dakota	5,880
Burt	2,250
Thurston	1,803
Dodge	 1,120
	\$ 344,376

### INFORMATION REQUIRED BY SECTION 2-3223, N.R.S - 1943 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Gross income from all sources	\$ 28,304,438
Amount expended for	
Maintenance	\$ 2,572,417
Improvements and other such programs	27,289,007
Total maintenance and improvements	\$ 29,861,424
Amount of depreciation on property during previous year	\$ 3,646,703
Number of employees as of June 30, 2015	57
Gross salaries	\$ 3,191,346
Less amount reimbursed by projects	 (349,872)
Net salaries paid to employees	\$ 2,841,474

PAPIO-MISSOURI RIVER NATURAL RESOURCES DISTRICT

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Expenditures		\$ 1,318,723	45,064	34,542		233,477			1,869		6,300	\$ 1,639,975
Contract		\$ 2,030,480	1,428,076	112,500		233,477			278,400		1,100,000	
Federal CFDA Number		97.039	97.039	97.047		92.036			66.46		15.605	
Pass-through Grantor's Number		DR-4013-NE-0032	DR-1924-NE-0036	PDM-C - 0006		PA-07-NE-4183			56-1281		F-195-DB-1	
Program	U.S. Department of Homeland Secunty Harzard Mitigation Grant Program	2013 Floodway Purchase Program*	2011 Floodway Purchase Program*	Pre-Disaster Mitigation Grant	Disaster Grants	Pigeon Creek Levee Break	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency	Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants	Pigeon Creek Special Watershed	Sport Fish Restoration Program	Dam Site 15A	Total

\* Major Program

See Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

### NOTE TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2015

### **NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the financial statements.



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November 6, 2015

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors **Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District**Omaha, Nebraska

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 6, 2015.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

HSMC OrigonLLC HSMC ORIZON LLC



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November 6, 2015

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Board of Directors **Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District**Omaha, Nebraska

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

HSMC ONIZON LLC

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### SECTION 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Type of auditor's report issued: Internal control over financial reporting:		<u>U</u>	<u>nmodified</u>
Material weakness(es) identified:	Yes	No	Х
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be a material weakness(es):		None R	eported
Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted:	Yes	No	X
MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAM AUDIT			
Internal control over major programs:			
Material weakness(es) identified:	Yes	No	Х
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be a material weakness(es):		None R	eported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:		<u>Ur</u>	nmodified
Audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 510(a) OMB Circular A-133:	Yes	No	Х
The major programs tested for compliance was the Hazard National Threshold used for distinguishing between Type A and B programs.	•		)39) 300,000
Is the Papio-Missouri River Natural Resources	Yes X	No	

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS, CONTINUED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

SECTION 2. FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None reported.

SECTION 3. FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None reported.

### PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

### FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

No material weaknesses or findings and questioned costs were noted during the prior year.

### MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAM AUDIT

No material weaknesses or findings and questioned costs were noted during the prior year.